CLAIM SUMMARY / DETERMINATION FORM

Claim Number : 914084-0001

Claimant : BP Exploration & Production, Inc.

Type of Claimant : Corporate Type of Claim : Removal Costs

Claim Manager

Amount Requested : \$1,134.82

FACTS:

On January 31, 2014, the CG National Response Center (NRC) received notification of a large amount of surface residual tar balls (SRBs) washed up on the beach on Elmer's Island, Jefferson Parish, LA, located on the Gulf of Mexico, a navigable waterway of the United States. ¹ The CG Gulf Coast Incident Management Team (CG GCIMT) was notified and responded to the report and found SRBs spread throughout Segments LAJF01-004-20, LAJF01-004-40 and LAJF01-004-60 / Zones 2 and 3. As the SRBs were in a quantity that exceeded the CG's capacity to mitigate, an email directive was issued to BP Exploration & Production (BP) to activate an oil spill response organization (OSRO) to respond for cleanup operations on Elmer's Island as directed.2

On January 31, 2014, Danos & Curole Marine Contractors (BP's OSRO), responded to the CG's directive of response and met with 2 CG active duty personnel on-scene. Cleanup of what appeared to be SRBs of MC252 origin began and extended through Zones 2 and 3 on the beach. Approximately 35.55 pounds of SRBs were recovered and properly disposed of at River Birch Landfill, Avondale, LA. During the cleanup operations, CG representatives sampled one of the SRBs from the beach located in Zone 2. BP personnel did not take samples.³

Upon receipt the MSL assigned Case Number 14-076 to the sample. In an Oil Sample Analysis Report dated January 19, 2014, the MSL determined that sample 14-076-1 contained heavy petroleum oil with characteristics different from those samples of MC 252 oil. The MSL concluded that the sample was not derived from Deepwater Horizon oil.4 However, upon reanalysis of the sample, using as chromatography and gas chromatography-mass spectrometry methods, the MSL clarified that the qualitative review of the PAHs and biomarker profiles indicated that the petroleum oils in the sample resulted in a new fingerprint that could not correlated to a single source based solely on chemical analysis.⁵ The biomarker profiles strongly suggested a relationship between the sample and Deepwater Horizon (MC-252) oil.⁶

HISTORY OF THE CLAIM:

On July 2, 2014, BP submitted a removal cost claim to the OSLTF, asserting that the oil was not Deepwater Horizon oil. Claimant sought reimbursement of its uncompensated removal costs in the amount of \$1,134.82 for services provided on January 31, 2014, which included personnel

⁶ See MSL Memo from Ms.

¹ See NRC Report # 1072579, dated January 31, 2014.

² See email directive to BP dated January 31, 2014.

³ See NPFC Optional OSLTF Form, submitted by BP and dated June 23, 2014.

⁴See MSL Case # 14-076 dated February 19, 2014.

⁵ See MSL Memo from Ms.

and vehicle use. The claimed removal costs are based on the rate schedule in place at the time services were provided.

Based on the subsequent analysis of sample number 14-076-1, the NPFC denied the claim on October 14, 2014.

BP timely sought reconsideration of the claim on December 17, 2014, arguing that the denial was arbitrary and capricious. It argued the following:

- 1. After initially concluding that the differences in PAH's supported a "non-match", the re-analysis seeks to adjust that conclusion, seeming to assert MSL's inability to determine whether the material was derived from DWH based upon PAH analysis.⁸
- 2. Any number of weathered, light sweet Louisiana crude oils could have a similar chemical fingerprint and could "suggest a relationship" to MC-252.9
- 3. The totality of circumstantial evidence surrounding many of the determinations points to unavoidable inconsistency that strongly suggests an error in analysis as of the 29 BP claims submitted from cleanup activity on Elmer's Island, LA, 12 of those BP claims have been paid by the NPFC while 17 of those BP claims were denied by the NPFC. 10

REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION:

A request for reconsideration must be in writing and include the factual or legal grounds for the relief requested, providing any additional support for the claim. 33 CFR 136.115(d). The claimant has the burden of providing any facts and legal arguments to support its request for reconsideration.

RECONSIDERATION ANALYSIS:

The NPFC, in a request for reconsideration, performs a de novo review of the entire claim submission, including new information provided by the claimant in support of the request for reconsideration and any new information or facts independently discovered by the NPFC.

Subsequent to the NPFC denial of this claim the MSL discovered that the sampling was not conducted in accordance with accepted chain of custody protocols. Collected samples were temporarily stored in a large plastic bag with all other samples collected on that date. Thus, it is not known if Sample 14-076-1, collected from Zone 2 on January 31, 2014, was in fact MC 252 oil, non MC 252 oil or a co-mingled oil where commingling occurred in the Gulf of Mexico or during collection actions.

Thus, the MSL Oil Spill Report relied upon by the NPFC in its initial denial of this claim is unreliable. The administrative record for this claim does however evidence that a BP OSRO conducted removal actions on January 31, 2014 for claim number 914084-0001. There is evidence in the record that the tar balls collected by BP were oil as defined by OPA. Further, BP

⁷ In an e-mail dated December 17, 2014, BP notified the NPFC that the request for reconsideration was applicable to all 26 of its denied claims, which totaled 26.

⁸ Id.

⁹ Id.

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provided the OSRO rate sheet in place at the time of the removal actions and the claimed costs were based on that rate schedule. BP provided evidence that it paid the removal costs.

Based on the evidence provided by BP and evidence collected by the NPFC and the MSL, the NPFC determines that the removal actions in this claim were associated with a mystery spill and BP is entitled to removal costs in the amount of \$1,134.82.

DETERMINED AMOUNT:

The NPFC will offer \$1,134.82 as full compensation for reimbursable removal costs incurred by the Claimant and submitted to the OSLTF under claim # 914084-0001. All costs claimed are for charges paid for by the Claimant for removal actions as that term is defined in OPA and, are compensable removal costs payable by the OSLTF as presented by the Claimant.

Claim Supervisor

Date of Supervisor's Review: 2/3/15

Supervisor Action: Reconsideration Approved

Supervisor's Comments: